

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

lg/

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/706,994	11/14/2003	Shun-Huang Peng	BHT-3167-161	7367	
BRUCE H. TROXELL SUITE 1404 5205 LEESBURG PIKE FALLS CHURCH, VA 22041			EXAMINER .		
			ELLINGTON, ALANDRA		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2855		
			DATE MAILED: 05/12/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				·				
Office Action Summary		Applica	ition No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/706	,994	PENG ET AL.				
		Examin	er	Art Unit				
			Ellington	2855				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
THE N - Exten after: - If the - If NO - Failui Any n	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI sions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30 period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no unication. of days, a reply within the s tutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the a	event, however, may a reply be tim tatutory minimum of thirty (30) days I will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this c (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on <u>ame</u> ndment d	lated 2/7/05.					
•	This action is FINAL. 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) 1,2 and 5-10 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1,2 and 5-10 is/are rejected. Claim(s) 1,2 and 5-10 is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicati	on Papers							
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on 14 November Applicant may not request that any object Replacement drawing sheet(s) including The oath or declaration is objected to	2003 is/are: a)⊠ tion to the drawing(s the correction is req) be held in abeyance. See uired if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)[12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment	t(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	TO 049)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or r No(s)/Mail Date		5) Notice of Informal P		O-152)			

Art Unit: 2855

Non-Final Rejection

Page 2

Claim Objections

- 1 Claims 1, 2 and 5-10 are objected to because of the following informalities:
 - a. With respect to Claim 1, rewrite the body of the claim as a vacuum tube for connecting [the] <u>a</u> gauge with [the] <u>a</u> chamber; at least one plate for blocking [the] <u>a</u> plasma of the chamber from directly striking against [the] <u>a</u> sensor, disposed at [the] <u>an</u> inner wall of the vacuum tube; and at least one wire netting structure located on a front end of the vacuum tube near the chamber --.
 - b. With respect to Claim 5, rewrite the body of the claim as a vacuum tube for connecting [the] <u>a</u> gauge with [the] <u>a</u> chamber; and two plates for blocking [the] <u>a</u> plasma of the chamber from directly striking against [the] a sensor, respectively and separately disposed at [the] an upper inner wall and [the] <u>a</u> lower inner wall of the vacuum tube --.
 - c. With respect to Claim 7, rewrite the body of the claim as a) a vacuum tube connecting [the] <u>a</u> gauge with [the] <u>a</u> dry etch chamber; and b) at least one plate located on an inner wall of the vacuum tube and blocking [the] plasma particles of the dry etch chamber from directly striking against [the] <u>a</u> sensor –. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and

Art Unit: 2855

the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 3. Claims 1, 2 and 5-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the Applicant Admitted Prior Art (hereinafter AAPA) in view of Lenzing et al (hereinafter Lenzing).
 - With respect to Claim 1, AAPA discloses a vacuum tube 3 for connecting a. a gauge 22 with a chamber 1, plasma of the chamber 1, and a sensor 22 disposed at an inner wall of the vacuum tube 3 (pg. 1 [0003], pg. 2 [0003-0004] (Fig. 1). However, AAPA does not teach at least one plate for blocking the plasma of the chamber from directly striking against a sensor and at least one wire netting structure located on a front end of the vacuum tube near the chamber. Lenzing teaches a device with a tubular body 8 and a chamber 11 with at least one plate 39 for blocking fluid of the chamber 11 from directly striking against a sensor 23, and at least one wire netting structure 15 located in a front end of the tubular body 8 (col. 3 lines 45-67, col. 4 lines 60-64, col. 5 lines 1-15 {Figs. 1-3}). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the AAPA with the teachings of Lenzing to include at least one plate for blocking the plasma of the chamber from directly striking against a sensor and at least one wire netting structure located on a front end of the vacuum tube near the chamber for the purpose of reducing contamination of solids and fluid particles by diverting fluid flow around the sensor and within the chamber (col. 2 lines 55-63, col. 3 lines 45-67, col. 4 lines 60-64, col. 5 lines 1-15, col. 8 lines 28-34 (Figs. 1-3)).

Art Unit: 2855

b. With respect to Claim 2, AAPA does not teach at least one stainless steel plate. Lenzing teaches at least one plate 39 for blocking fluid of the chamber 11 from directly striking a sensor 23 (col. 5 lines 9-15 {Figs. 1-3}). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use stainless steel blocking plates for the purpose of protecting fluid from directly contacting the sensor (col. 2 lines 55-63, col. 3 lines 45-67, col. 4 lines 60-64, col. 5 lines 1-15, col. 8 lines 28-34 {Figs. 1-3}). MPEP 2144.04.

Page 4

c. With respect to Claim 5, AAPA discloses a vacuum tube 3 for connecting a gauge 22 with a chamber 1, plasma of the chamber 1, and a sensor 22 disposed at an inner wall of the vacuum tube 3 (pg. 1 [0003], pg. 2 [0003-0004] {Fig. 1}). However, AAPA does not teach at least one plate for blocking the plasma of the chamber from directly striking against a sensor. Lenzing teaches a device with a tubular body 8 and a chamber 11 with at least one plate 39 for blocking fluid of the chamber 11 from directly striking against a sensor 23 (col. 3 lines 45-67, col. 4 lines 60-64, col. 5 lines 1-15 {Figs. 1-3}). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the AAPA with the teachings of Lenzing to include at least one plate for blocking the plasma of the chamber from directly striking against a sensor for the purpose of reducing contamination of solids and fluid particles by diverting fluid flow around the sensor and within the chamber (col. 2 lines 55-63, col. 3 lines 45-67, col. 4 lines 60-64, col. 5 lines 1-15, col. 8 lines 28-34 {Figs. 1-3}).

Art Unit: 2855

d. With respect to Claim 6, Lenzing teaches a reticular structure 15 disposed at the front end of a tubular body 8 (col. 3 lines 45-50 {Figs. 1-3}).

Page 5

- With respect to Claim 7, AAPA discloses a vacuum tube 3 for connecting e. a gauge 22 with a dry etch chamber 1, plasma of the dry etch chamber 1, and a sensor 22 disposed at an inner wall of the vacuum tube 3 (pg. 1 [0003], pg. 2 [0003-0004] (Fig. 1)). However, AAPA does not teach at least one plate for blocking the plasma of the chamber from directly striking against a sensor. Lenzing teaches a device with a tubular body 8 and a chamber 11 with at least one plate 39 for blocking fluid of the chamber 11 from directly striking against a sensor 23 (col. 3 lines 45-67, col. 4 lines 60-64, col. 5 lines 1-15 (Figs. 1-3)). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the AAPA with the teachings of Lenzing to include at least one plate for blocking the plasma of the chamber from directly striking against a sensor for the purpose of reducing contamination of solids and fluid particles by diverting fluid flow around the sensor and within the chamber (col. 2 lines 55-63, col. 3 lines 45-67, col. 4 lines 60-64, col. 5 lines 1-15, col. 8 lines 28-34 (Figs. 1-3)).
- f. With respect to Claim 8, AAPA does not teach at least one stainless steel plate. Lenzing teaches at least one plate 39 for blocking fluid of the chamber 11 from directly striking a sensor 23 (col. 5 lines 9-15 {Figs. 1-3}). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use stainless steel blocking plates for the purpose of protecting fluid

Application/Control Number: 10/706,994 Page 6

Art Unit: 2855

from directly contacting the sensor (col. 2 lines 55-63, col. 3 lines 45-67, col. 4 lines 60-64, col. 5 lines 1-15, col. 8 lines 28-34 (Figs. 1-3)). *MPEP 2144.04*.

- g. With respect to Claim 9, Lenzing teaches a reticular structure 15 is located on a front end of a tubular body 8 (col. 3 lines 45-50 {Figs. 1-3}).
- h. With respect to Claim 10, Lenzing teaches a wire netting structure 15 (col. 3 lines 45-60 {Figs. 1 and 4}).

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 2 and 5-10 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alandra Ellington whose telephone number is (571) 272-2178. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday Friday, 7:30am 4:00pm.
- 7. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Lefkowitz can be reached on (571) 272-2180. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 2855

8. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Alandra Ellington Art Unit 2855

ane

William Oen Primary Examiner Page 7